COURSES OF STUDIES M.A. in POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Effective from the academic session 2023-2025)

Under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)



VIKRAM DEV UNIVERSITY JEYPORE - 764001 DIST- KORAPUT, ODISHA

M.A POLITICAL SCIENCE Course Structure (2022-23)

Semester-I				
Paper Code	Paper	Hours Per Week	Credits	Marks
PSC C-101	POLITICAL THEORY	4	4	100
PSC C-102	INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS	4	4	100
PSC C-103	THEORIES OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	4	4	100
PSC C-104	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	4	4	100
PSC C-105	WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-I	4	4	100
		20	20	500
Semester-II				
Paper Code	Paper	Hours Per Week	Credits	Marks
PSC C-201	POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY	4	4	100

PSC C-202	COMPARATIVE POLITICAL ANALYSIS	4	4	100
PSC C-203	CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	4	4	100
PSC C-204	ADMINISTRATIVE THEORY	4	4	100
PSC C-205	WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-II	4	4	100
PSC AC-206 ADD ON COURSE (Non Credit)	HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA: CONCEPT AND PRACTICE			
	TOTAL	20	20	500
Semester-III				
Paper Code	Paper	Hours Per Week	Credits	Marks
PSC C-301	INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM (CBCS)	4	4	100
PSC CE-302(A) (Core elective-Optional	INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT	4	4	100
PSC CE-302(B) (Core elective-Optional)	POLITICAL PROCESSES IN INDIA	4	4	100
PSC CE-303(A) (Core elective-Optional)	INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY	4	4	100
PSC CE-303(B) (Core elective-Optional)	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS OF SOUTH ASIA	4	4	100
PSC CE-304(A) (Core elective-Optional)	PUBLIC POLICY AND GOVERNANCE	4	4	100
PSC CE-304(B) (Core elective-Optional)	SOCIAL EXCLUSION AND INCLUSIVE POLICY	4	4	100
PSC CE-305(A) (Core elective-Optional)	POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES	4	4	100
PSC CE-305(B) (Core elective-Optional)	CRITICAL TRADITIONS IN POLITICAL THEORY	4	4	100
PSC AC-306 ADD ON COURSE (Non Credit)	FEMINISM: THEORIES AND PRACTICES			
		20	20	500
Semester-IV		1		_
Paper Code	Paper	Hours Per Week	Credits	Marks
PSC CE-401(A) (Core elective-Optional)	NEW SOCIAL AND POLITICAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA	4	4	100
PSC CE-401(B (Core elective-Optional	LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN INDIA	4	4	100
PSC CE-402(A) (Core elective-Optional)	FOREIGN POLICY OF MAJOR POWERS	4	4	100

PSC CE-402(B) (Core	INDIA AND REGIONAL ORGANIZATIONS			
elective-Optional)				
PSC CE403(A) (Core	STATE POLITICS IN ODISHA	4	4	100
elective-Optional)				
PSC CE403(B) (Core	POLITICAL ECONMY AND			
elective-Optional)	DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION IN	4	4	100
	ODISHA			
PSC C-404	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	4	4	100
PSC C-405	DISSERTATION AND VIVA-VOCE	4	4	100
Add On Course	KABI SAMRAT UPENDRA BHANJA AND			
KSUB AND CH G	CULTURAL HERITAGE OF GANJAM			
(Non-Credit)	(NON-CREDIT)			
		20	20	500
Grand Total			80	2000

SEMESTER -I

PSC C-101: POLITICAL THEORY

Sub. Code:	Political Theory		
PSC- C 101		Internal Marks=20	External Marks=80

Objectives: This course has been designed to provide students an introduction to the fundamental concepts in political theory. It begins with an overview of why we study political theory and what are the approaches and forms of political theory. It then proceeds to elaborate in a detailed manner on the key concepts of _Liberty', _Equality', _Justice', _Rights' and _State and Sovereignty'. Each concept is explained through the thoughts and writings of noted theorists who have deliberated in length on that particular issue with emphasis given on readings of original writings.

Detailed Syllabus

Units	Topic	Hours
Unit-I	Meaning, Nature, Scope and Evolution, Function,	13
Understanding	Significance, Approaches to the Study of Political Theory, A	
Political Theory	debate on Decline and Resurgence of Political Theory.	
Unit-II	Liberty, Equality, Rights and Justice	13
Key Concepts		
Unit-III	The Grammar of Democracy 1. Democracy: The history of an	13
Political Theory	idea 2. Procedural Democracy and its critique 3. Deliberative	
and Practices	Democracy	
	-	
Unit-IV	Emerging Trends in Political Theory: An Overview	13
Recent Trends		
	Total	52

Suggested Readings:

1. Bhargava, R. and Ashok Acharya (2008) _Political Theory: An Introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman.

- 2. Adams Ian, 1993, Political Ideologies Today, Manchester, Manchester University Press
- 3. Bajpai, U.S.(ed), Nonalignment: Perspective and Prospects, New Delhi; 1983
- 4. Goodin, Robert E. and Philip Pettit edited Contemporary Political Philosophy. Oxford, Blackwell Publishers, 1997.
- 5. Goodin, Robert E. and Philip Pettit edited, A Companion to Contemporary Political
- 6. Graham Gordon, 1986, Politics in its Place- A Study of Six Ideologies, Oxford, Clarendon Press
- 7. Hampton, Jean, Political Philosophy: An Introduction, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1998.
- 8. Harrison, Ross, Democracy, London, Routledge, 1993.
- 9. Heywood Andrew, 1992, Political Ideologies, London, Macmillan
- 10. Longman.Berlin, Isaiah, Four Essays on Concepts of Liberty, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1969.
- 11. Miller, David and Larry Siedentop(ed) The Nature of Political Theory, Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1983.

PSC C-102: INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Sub. Code	Indian Government and Politics			
PSC C-102	Credit:04	Internal Marks=20	External Marks=80	

Objectives: This course acquaints students with the constitutional design of state structures and institutions, and their actual working over time. The Indian Constitution accommodates conflicting impulses of liberty and justice, territorial decentralization and a strong union, for instance within itself. The course traces the embodiment of some of these conflicts in constitutional provisions, and shows how these have played out in political practice. It further encourages a study of state institutions in their mutual interaction, and in interaction with the larger extra-constitutional environment.

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Making of the Indian Constitution: Constituent Assembly,	13
	Background, Composition, Nature and its working.	
Unit-II	Ideological basis of the Indian Constitution: Preamble,	13
	Fundamental Rights & Duties and Directive Principles.	
Unit-III	Structure and Process of Union Government:	13
	Executive: President and Prime Minister, Council of Minister	
	Legislature: Parliament of India,	
	Judiciary: Supreme Court	
Unit-IV	Federalism: Federal in Form and Unitary in Spirit, Areas of	13
	Conflict in Centre- State Relations: Administrative, Financial	
	and Legislative Relations. Recent Trends in Centre- State	
	Relation	
	Total	52

Suggested Reading:

- 1. Austin Granville, 1972, The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation, New Delhi, OUP
- 2. Austin Granville, 1999, Working a Democratic Constitution: The Indian Experience, New Delhi, OUP
- 3. Basu D.D., 1999, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Calcutta, Prentice Hall (latest edition)

- 4. Hasan Zoya, E. Shridharan and R. Sudarshan (eds.) 2002, India's Living Constitution, New Delhi, Permanent Black
- 5. Kapur Devesh and Pratap Bhanu Mehta (eds.), 2005, Public Institutions in India, New Delhi, OUP
- 6. Saez Lawrence, 2004, Federalism without a Center, New Delhi, Sage.
- 7. Sathe S.P., 2002, Judicial Activism, New Delhi, OUP
- 8. Sharma Brij Kishor, 2002, Introduction to the Constitution of India, New Delhi, Prentice Hall

PSC C- 103: THEORY OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC C- 103	PSC C- 103 Theory of International Relations		20	80
Objectives	 The basic objective of this course is to theory and practice for studying into understand International relations and be accommodated with contemporary are the objectives: To provide a fairly all-inclusive events starting from the days of F To provide a comprehensive and character of contemporary character of contemporary character of enable students to learn about them with the tools to underspectives. 	ernational relational relational relational relationship in the re	ations. The aim of the plinary nature where the altidisciplinary discount the major political deviation to students to a students to a students to a students in world historical destones in world historical relations.	e course is to he student will rse. Following elopments and understand the cory and equip
Pre- Requisites	Basic knowledge of world history an dynamics of the international politics	d politics and	l understanding of the	current
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures with period problem sets, case studies, report writer with an emphasis to develop cohe understanding and the practical knowledge.	ting, mock extence among	xams and presentation students on both t	s will be done

Units	Topic	Hours
Unit-I	Theories and Approaches to the Study of International Relations: Evolution	13
	of the Discipline, The Great Debates, State of the Art.	
Unit-II	Concept of Idealism and Realism, Its Variants and Complements:	13
	Neorealism, Indian Tradition: Kautilya's Realpolitique, Chinese Tradition,	
	European Schools of Thought, The English School, Neo-Liberal	
	Institutionalism	
Unit-III	Alternative Approaches in IR: Critical Theory, Constructivism, Post-	13
	Modernism, Feminism, Neo-Marxism, Ethics in IR	
Unit-IV	Conflict and Peace: Changing Nature of Warfare; Weapons of mass	13
	destruction; deterrence; conflict resolution, conflict transformation, The	
	Nuclear Age and its impact on International Relations, NPT, CTBT.	
	Total	52

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Aron Raymond, _Peace and War: A Theory of International Relations, (New Brunswick, New Jersey, London, Transaction Publishers, 2003).
- Bandhopadhyay, J., General Theory of International Relations, Allied Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. Baral J.K., International Politics: Dynamics and Dimensions, South Asian Publishers, New Delhi, 1987.
- Basu, Rumki, International Politics: Concepts, Theories and Issues, Sage Text, New Delhi, 2014
- 5. Bull Hedley, The Anarchical Society: A Study of Order in World Politics (New York, 1977).
- Burchill S and A. Linklator, Theories of International Relations, Martin Press, New York, 1966.
- 7. Chris Brown, Understanding International Relations, (MacMillan: London, 1997)
- 8. Doughery, J.E. and R.L. Falzgraff Jr., Contending Theories of International Relations, J.B. Lippincott Co. 1971, New York.
- 9. Gilpin, Robert, The political Economy of International Relations Princeton, (1887)
- 10. Holsti, K.J., International Politics: Framework for analysis (New Delhi, 1989)
- 11. Jackson, R. and George Sorensen, Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches, OUP, 2003.
- 12. Kumar, Mahendra, Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Shivlal Aggarwal & Co. Agra, 1967.
- 13. Morgenthau, Hans J, Politics among Nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace, New York, 1985.
- 14. Scott Burchill, Andre Linklater and Terry Nardin, eds., Theories of International Relations, 4th Edition, (Palgrave Macmillan Publishers, 2009).
- 15. Strange Susan, States and Markets: An Introduction to International Political Economy, (London: Pinter Publishers, 1994)
- 16. Waltz Kenneth N., Theory of International Politics. (New York: Addison-Wesley, 1979).

Course Outcome	By the	e end of this course Students are able to:		
	i.	Conceptualize various perspectives to international relations.		
	ii.	Appreciate various philosophies relating to international relations		
		and conceptualize various foundational theories in International		
		Relations.		
	iii.	Analyze dynamics of contemporary and alternative theories relating		
		to International Relations.		

PSC C -104: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Subject Code S	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks		
PSC C -104	Public	4	20	80		
	Administration					
Objectives	The essence of	of Public Adminis	tration lies in its effect	ctiveness in translating		
	the governing	g philosophy into	programmes, polici	es and activities and		
	making it a pa	rt of community li	ving.			
	The paper co	overs public admi	inistration in its hist	orical context thereby		
	proceeding to	highlight severa	l of its categories, v	which have developed		
	administrative	salience and capa	abilities to deal with	the process of change.		
	Organised int	Organised into four units, the recent developments and particularly the				
	emergence of	emergence of New Public Administration are incorporated within the larger				
	paradigm of d	emocratic legitima	cy.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowle	edge on Public A	Administration, admin	istrative salience and		
	capabilities to deal with the process of change					
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means			students by means of		
	oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have bot					
	conceptual cla	rity as well as prac	ctical understanding or	n the subject.		

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Meaning, Scope, Evolution and Significance of Public	13
Public Administration	Administration.	
	Public and Private Administration.	
Unit-II	Role of Public Administration in Developing and Developed	13
Principles of Public	countries, Development administration.	
Administration		
Unit-III	Hierarchy, Span of Control, Unity of Command	13
Paradigms of Public	Delegation, Co-ordination, Delegated Legislation, Administrative	
administration	Adjudication.	
Unit-IV	New Public Administration	13
New Public Administration	New Public Management	
	Total	52

- 1. Avasthi and Maheswari, -Public Administration||, Agra, Laxmi Narayan Agarwal, 1988.
- 2. Mohit Bhattacharya Public Administration ||, World Press (Second Edition, 1991)
- 3. Rumki Basu, -Public Administration: Concepts and Theories New Delhi, Sterling Publishers, 2011.OUP.2006.
- 4. Stone, Deborah. 2001. Policy Paradox: The Art of Political Decision Making. W.W Norton and Company.
- 5. R.K. Sapru. 1980. Administrative Theories and Management Thought. New Delhi: PHI
- 6. Bidyut Chakrabarty & Mohit Bhattacahrya (Eds), 2003, Public Administration: A Reader, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 7. Alaka Dhameja (Ed), -Contemporary Debates in Public Administration , New Delhi, 2003.
- 8. Ramesh K. Arora(Eds.), 2004, Public Administration: Fresh Perspectives, Aalek Publishers, Jaipur
- 9. Bidyut Chakravorty, -Public Administration in a Globalized Worldl, New Delhi, Sage

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on				
Outcome	The essence of Public Administration				
	The Historical context of Public administration				
	• The recent developments particularly the emergence of New Public				
	Administration				

PSC C- 105: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-I

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks	
PSC C- 105	Western Political Thought-I	4	20	80	
	This paper studies the classical tradition in political theory from Plato to Marx with the view to understand how the great Masters explained and analyzed political events and problems of their time and prescribed solutions.				
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge c	on classical traditio	ns of political theory		
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral				
	& PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.				

Detailed Syllabus

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Plato, Aristotle	13
Unit-II	Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau	13
Unit-III	Hegel, Marx	13
Unit-IV	Bentham, J.S Mill	13
	To	otal 52

- 1. Aristotle, The Politics, Translated Ernest Braker, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1998 edn.
- 2. Hobbes, Thomas, The Leviathan, Amherst New York, Prometheus Books, 1988.
- 3. Hegel, Georg Wilhelm Fredrik, The Philosophy of Right, Translated by T.M. Knox Oxford,
- 4. Oxford University Press, 1942.
- 5. Machiavalli, Niccolo, The Prince and The Discourses, translated L. Ricci, New York, Modern
- 6. Library, 1950.
- 7. Kant, Political Writing, Translated by H.B Nisbet, edited by Hans Reiss, Cambridge,
- 8. Cambridge University Press, 1991.
- 9. Marx Karl 'Economic and Philosophical Manuscripts' 1844. Translated by Lloyd G Easton and
- 10. Kurt H Guddat in Marx Selections edited by Allen W Wood. New York, Macmillan, 1988 pp
- 11.40-79.
- 12. Marx Karl, Das Capital, volume 1, Moscow Progress, 1977.
- 13. AvineriShlomo, Hegel's Theory of the Modern State, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1972.

- 14. Beiner, Ronald and William James Booth, Kant and Political Philosophy New Haven, Yale, University Press, 1993.
- 15. Cohen, G.A, Karl Marx's Theory of History, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1978.
- 16. 'Machiavelli' by Quentin Skinner, 'Hobbes' by Richard Tuck, 'Mill' by William Thomas, 'Marx' by Peter Singer in Great Political Thinkers. Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1992.
- 17. Macpherson, C.B., The Political Theory of Possessive Individualism, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1962.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	Historical and philosophical perspectives to understand the universality of the
	enterprise of political theorizing.
	The legacy of the thinkers with the view to establish the continuity and change
	within the Western political tradition.

Semester-II PSC C -201: POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC C -201	Political Sociology	4	20	80
Objectives	 The basic objective of this course To explore the main sociolog To understand how does polyorganizations (parties) and society and power? To understand processes of political behavioral in general 	ical explana itical mobili elites shape f political	zation take place and the interaction bety	how political ween citizens,
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of Sociology and	d Political So	cience	
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures (virt demonstrative exercises like term writing, mock examinations and processes are supported by the control of t	m paper w	riting, MCQs, case s	

Detailed Syllabus

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Political Sociology: Origin and Development, Definition and Scope	13
	Theoretical Approaches to the study of Political Sociology	
Unit -II	Political Culture	13
	Political	
	Socialization	
	Political	
	Participation	
	Political Communication	
Unit -III	Power, Authority, Legitimacy	13
	Elite Theory, Circulation of	
	Elites	
Unit -IV	Social Stratification and its	13
	Bases Political Development	
	Political Modernization	
Total		52

Reading List

- 1. Keith Faulks, Political Sociology: A Critical Introduction, Edinburgh University Press, 1999.
- 2. Kate Nash and Alan Scott (eds.), The Blackwell Companion to Political Sociology, Wiley- Blackwell, 2004.
- 3. Amal Kumar Mukhopadhyay, K P Bagchi& Co Political Sociology An introductory analysis, 2015.
- 4. Dipankar Gupta, Political Sociology in India: Contemporary Trends, Orient Black Swan, 1996.
- 5. Gabriel A Almond and Sydney Verba, The Civic Culture: Political Attitudes and Democracy in Five Nations, Little, Brown and Company, 1965.
- 6. Douglas Baer, Political Sociology, Oxford University Press, 2002.
- 7. Benedikte Brincker, Hans Reitzel, Introduction to Political Sociology, 2013.
- 8. Betty Dobratz et al, Power, Politics, and Society: An Introduction to Political Sociology,, Pearson Education, 2011.
- 9. Keith Faulks, Political Sociology: A Critical Introduction, Edinburgh University Press, 1999.
- 10. Kate Nash, Contemporary Political Sociology, Wiley-Blackwell, 2010.
- 11. Anthony Orumand John Dale, Political Sociology: Power and Participation in the Modern World, Oxford University Press, 2008.

Course Outcome	On completion of this course, students are expected to have acquired a familiarity
	with major features of contemporary societies that are relevant to politics.
	Acquire an understanding of recent social and political science explanations of
	political processes and events.
	Acquire, more generally, a grasp of the competing approaches in the field
	Comprehend different opportunities to influence political decisions by average
	citizens.

PSC C -202: COMPARATIVE POLITICAL ANALYSIS

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC -C 202	Comparative Political Analysis	4	20	80
	To familiarize students with the becomparative politics. To critically examine politics in hengaging with various themes developing countries. To understand governmental system perspective.	istorical an of compara	d contemporary persp ative analysis in de	pectives while veloped and
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of world history a developed and developing countries		nent and politics of bo	th
-	Regular classroom lectures with periodic formative coursework like term paper, problem sets, case studies, report writing, mock exams and presentations will be done with an emphasis to develop coherence among students on both the conceptual understanding and the practical knowledge settings.			

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit -I	Comparative Politics: Nature and Scope	13
	Comparative Methods: An overview of the field of Comparative Political	
	Analysis. Nature of Traditional and Modern Politics	
	Political Systems and Structural Functional Approach	
Unit -II	Institutional Approach and New Institutionalism, Development of Neo-	13
	institutionalism, Models of New Institutionalism	
	Actors and Process	
	Political Parties and Party System: Duverger, Giovanni Sartori, and Jean	
	Blondel's Model.	
Unit -III	Actors and Process	13
	Electoral Systems, Types of election system (First Past the Post, Proportional	
	Representation, Mixed Representation)	
Unit- IV	Comparative Governments of U.K, USA and China	13
	Constitutionalism, Executive and Legislature	
Total	,	52

Essential Readings

- 1. Allbrow, Martin, The Global Age: State and Society: Beyond Modernity, Cambridge.
- 2. Alavi, H. and T. Shanin, Sociology of Developing Societies, London, Macmillan, 1982.
- 3. Alford, Robert A. and Roger Friedland, Powers of Theory, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1985.
- 4. Bottomore, T.B, Elites and Society, Harmondsworth, Penguin, 1985.
- 5. Cantori, L.J and A. H. Ziegler edited, Comparative Politics in the Post-Behaviouralist Era, London, Lynne Rienner, 1988.
- 6. Chilcote, Ronald, Theories of Comparative Politics: The Search for a Paradigm Reconsidered, Boulder, Westview Press, 1994.
- 7. Hardtm, Michael and Antonio Negri, Empire, Cambridge, Harvard University Press, 2000.
- 8. Manor, James edited, Rethinking Third World Politics, London, Longman, 1991.
- 9. Moore, B. The Social Origins of Dictatorship and Democracy, Harmondsworth, Pelican, 1966.
- 10. Sartori, G., Parties and Party Systems: A Framework for Analysis., Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1976.
- 11. Stephan, Alfred, Arguing Comparative Politics, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 2001.
- 12. Tornquist, Olle, Politics and Development, Delhi. Sage, 1999.
- 13. Wayne, Ellwood, The No-Nonsense guide to Globalisation, London, Verso, 2001.
- 14. Wright, Mills C. The Power Elite, New York, John Wiley, 1959.
- 15. Rahnema, Majid edited. The Post-Development Reader, Dhaka: The University Press, 1997.

Course	By the end of this course Students will able to know:
Outcome	 the diversity of key aspects of political systems around the world and how they affect important outcomes differences across countries such as social movements, political culture, political parties, party systems, regimes, states and policy-making processes the meaning of fundamental concepts in comparative political analysis, including: the state, nations and society, regimes, markets, development, multilevel governance. the meaning of fundamental institutions of democratic regimes: Constitutionalism, legislatures and the executive and Political systems, elections, interest groups.

PSC C- 203: CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC C- 203	Contemporary Issues in	4	20	80
	International Relations			
Objectives	 The basic objective of this course is: To provide the students a fairly developments and events startin To provide a comprehensive understand the character of cont To enable students to learn ab equip them with the tools to un perspectives. The aim of the course is to multidisciplinary nature where contemporary trend of multidisciplinary 	g from the t and in-de- emporary clout the key derstand and understand the student	ewentieth century. The period of the century is the century of th	students to al relations. history and com different ions and its
Pre- Requisites	Basic knowledge of world history and p	politics.		
Teaching	Regular classroom lectures (virtual and	actual) with	periodic evaluative	
Scheme	and demonstrative exercises like term paper writing, MCQs, case studies,			
	report			
	writing, mock examinations and present	tations will	be done.	

Detailed Syllabus

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	End of bipolarity and changing trends in Super Power Relations	13
Contemporary trends	(a) Terrorism, International Peace and Role of non-State actors	
	Changing Role of the United Nations in International Politics:	
	(a) New Challenges of Peacekeeping	
	(b) UN and Human Development	
	(b) Structural Reform of the UN	
Unit-II	Politics on Nuclearisation	13
Contemporary	Ecological and Development issues, Global Commons	
processes		
Unit-III	Major Powers and West Asia	13
Major powers and	(a) Major Powers and South Asia	
Regional Conflicts	(b) Politics of the Indian Ocean	
	(c) Geo-Politics of South China Sea	
Unit-IV	Regionalism and Regional Blocs	13
Regionalism and	(a) EU	
Regional Blocs	(b) ASEAN	
	(c) SAARC	
	(d) APEC	
	(e) SCO	
	Total	48

Reading List

1. John T. Rourke, International Politics on the global stage, McGraw Hill, 2007.

2.	. Paul A. Tharp(ed.), Regional International	Organisations: Structures and functions,	
	15		

1971.

- 3. Chris Brown, Understanding International Relations, (MacMillan: London, 1997)
- 4. Baral, J.K., International Politics: Dynamics and Dimensions (New Delhi, 1987)
- 5. Bull, Hadley, The *Anarchical Society: A Study of Order in World Politics* (New York,1977)
- 6. Thomas J. Volgy et al. (eds.), Major Powers and the Questfor Status inInternationalPoliticsGlobal and Regional Perspectives,

Palgrave Macmillan, 2011.

- 7. Geoff Berridg, Return to the UN: UN diplomacy in Regional Conflicts, Wheatsheaf, 1991.
- 8. Markusthiel, The limits of transnationalism collective identities and Eu integration, Palgrave Macmillan, 2011.
- 9. Juliet Kaarbo, James Lee RayWadsworth, Global Politics, Cengage Learning, 2011.
- 10. Louise L'Estrange, Andrew Hurrell, Regionalism in world politics: Regional Organisation and international order, Oxford University Press, 1995.
- 11. Andrew Heywood, Global Politics, Palgrave Macmillan, 2011.

Course Outcome	 By the end of this course Students are able to: Know about the various theatres of international conflicts and the role of major powers in them. Appreciate various aspects of global politics following the end of the Cold war and Acquaint themselves with global issues of recent times. Develop an understanding about the changing role of the UN and the
	reason behind the strengthening of regional international organisations.

PSC C- 204: ADMINISTRATIVE THEORY

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC C -204:	Administrative Theory	4	20	80
Objectives	The course will seek to comprehend the broad intellectual traditions in administration that has decisively shaped the contours of Administrative system as we understand it today. The different ideological standpoints with regard to various concepts and theories are critically explained with the purpose of highlighting the differences in their perspectives and in order to understand their continuity and change. Furthermore there is a need to emphasize the continuing relevance of these concepts today. Organised into four units this paper aims to highlight different theoretical perspectives on public administration. Further its relevance will be explained through historical evolution of the subject.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge on broad intellectual traditions in administration that has decisively shaped the contours of Administrative system			
Teaching Scheme	oral & PPT presen	itation, group disci	vith assessment of stu- ussion, term paper etc il understanding on the	to have both

Units	Topics	Hours
-------	--------	-------

Unit I: Theories of	Development and Growth of Administrative Theories	;13	
Administration &	Scientific Management Theory: Frederick Winslow Taylor,		
Management	Ecological: Fred. W. Riggs.		
Unit-II: Bureaucracy vs.	Max Weber Theory of Bureaucracy	13	
Administration and Systemic	Views of Herbert Simon on Decision-Making Systems		
Administration	Approach		
Unit-III: Choice Based	Socio- Psychological Approach		
	Perspectives of Public Choice		
Unit-IV: Conflict and	Managing Conflict in the Organization: Mary Parker Follett	13	
Objectives Based	Management by Objectives- Peter Drucker		
	Total	52	

Selected Readings

- 1. Goel, S.L. (2003). Advanced Public Administration, Deep & Deep Publications
- 2. Maheshwari S.R., (1991). Issues and Concepts In Public Administration, New Delhi, Allied Publishers.
- 3. Naidu S.P., (1996). Public Administration: Concepts and Theories, Hyderabad, New Agem International Publishers
- 4. Sharma M.P. and Saldana B. L., (2001), Public Administration in Theory and Practice, Allahabad, KitabMahal
- 5. Buck Susan J. and Morgan Betty N.,(2005). Public Administration in Theory and Practice, Raymond W. Cox Ill, Pearson Education, New Delhi.
- 6. D. RavindraPrasad, V. SivalingaPrasad, (2010). Administrative Thinkers, Sterling Publishers,
- 7. Mohit Bhattacharya, (2008). New Horizons of Public Administration, Jawahar Publishers & Distributors
- 8. Herbert A. Simon, (1997). Administrative Behavior, 4th Edition, Free Press,
- 9. Thomas R Dye, (2008). Understanding Public Policy: International Edition, Pearson/Prentice Hall,
- 10. Governance: A Reader. (2008) Bidyut Chakrabarty, Mohit Bhattacharya, Oxford University Press, USA

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on:		
Outcome	Broad intellectual traditions in administration that has decisively shaped the contour		
	of Administrative system as we understand it today.		
	Continuity and change in the different ideological standpoints and the need to the		
	continuing relevance of these concepts today.		

PSC C-205: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-II

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC C-205	Western Political Thought-II	4	20	80
Objectives	An attempt has leading philosophical and	been made to un historical perspe	themes of western poderstand thinkers and ective. The main objects and thinkers of	d texts both from ective is to train

Pre-Requisites Basic knowledge on contemporary relevance of political thought.	
--	--

Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of
	oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both
	conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Gramsci	13
	Mao-Zedong	
Unit-II	Mary Wollstonecraft	13
	Hannah Arendt	
Unit-III	• Rawls	13
	• Nozick	
Unit-IV	Frantz Fanon	13
	Rosa Luxemberg	
	Total	52

- 1. Aristotle, The Politics, Translated Ernest Braker, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1998 edn.
- 2. Hobbes, Thomas, The Leviathan, Amherst New York, Prometheus Books, 1988.
- 3. Hegel, Georg Wilhelm Fredrik, The Philosophy of Right, Translated by T.M. Knox Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1942.
- 4. Machiavalli, Niccolo, The Prince and The Discourses, translated L. Ricci, New York, ModernLibrary, 1950.
- 5. Kant, Political Writing, Translated by H.B Nisbet, edited by Hans Reiss, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1991.
- 6. Marx Karl 'Economic and Philosophical Manuscripts' 1844. Translated by Lloyd G Easton and Kurt H Guddat in Marx Selections edited by Allen W Wood. New York, Macmillan, 1988 pp40-79.
- 7. Marx Karl, Capital volume 1, Moscow Progress, 1977.
- 8. Avineri Shlomo, Hegel's Theory of the Modern State, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1972.
- 9. Beiner, Ronald and William James Booth, Kant and Political Philosophy New Haven, Yale, University Press, 1993.
- 10. Cohen, G.A. Karl Marx's Theory of History, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1978.
- 11. 'Machiavelli' by Quentin Skinner, 'Hobbes' by Richard Tuck, 'Mill' by William Thomas, 'Marx' by Peter Singer in Great Political Thinkers. Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1992.
- 12. Macpherson, C.B., The Political Theory of Possessive Individualism, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1962.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on Nature and
Outcome	significance of western political thought
	Continuing significance of the study of the classics and indicates its shortcomings by
	underlining the need to incorporate new perspectives that have arisen in recent past.

*PSC-206: HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA: CONCEPT AND PRACTICE (Add on-Non-Credit)

Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA: CONCEPT AND PRACTICE	Non Credit		
The course is geared towards equipping the students with conceptual and theoretical understanding of the subject in a very broad sense. It seeks to do so in a synergistic way by coalescing values, concepts, contending debates, theories, and paradigms germane to the course. It is a common course designed to meet the academic requirements of the post-graduate students of Human Rights and Duties Education and Political Science of the department. The course seeks to sharpen the epistemological skills of students in relation to the various theoretical aspects of human rights			
Basic Knowledge on			
Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both			
	HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA: CONCEPT AND PRACTICE The course is geared theoretical understandin in a synergistic way be theories, and paradigm designed to meet the ac Human Rights and Duti The course seeks to sha to the various theoretical Basic Knowledge on Regular Classroom lectoral & PPT presentation	HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA: CONCEPT AND PRACTICE The course is geared towards equitheoretical understanding of the subjin a synergistic way by coalescin theories, and paradigms germane designed to meet the academic requirement and Duties Education. The course seeks to sharpen the epito the various theoretical aspects of Basic Knowledge on Regular Classroom lectures along woral & PPT presentation, group discrete.	HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA: CONCEPT AND PRACTICE The course is geared towards equipping the students we theoretical understanding of the subject in a very broad ser in a synergistic way by coalescing values, concepts, of theories, and paradigms germane to the course. It is designed to meet the academic requirements of the post-student and Political Science. The course seeks to sharpen the epistemological skills of to the various theoretical aspects of human rights. Basic Knowledge on Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students.

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	 Understanding Human Rights Historical Evolution Origin and Development of Human Rights in India 	13
Unit-II	Human Rights and Indian Constitution • Fundamental Rights • Directive Principles of State Policies • Human Rights of the Marginalized	13
Unit-III	 Institutional Mechanisms for Protection of Human Rights National Human Rights Commission State Human Rights Commission Judiciary 	313
Unit-IV	Non-State Actors and Human Rights	13
	Total	52

• Alferdsson, Gudmundur and Eide, Asbjorn, ed., The Universal Declaration of Human

Rights: A Common Standard of Achievement, The Hague, Martinus Nijhoff publishers, 1999.

- Bhargava, Rajeev and Acharya, Ashok, eds. Political Theory: An Introduction, Delhi: Pearson, 2014.
- Dixon, Martin, Textbook on International Law, London: Blackstone Press, 2000. Donnelly, Jack, Universal Human Rights in Theory and Practice, Jaipur: Rawat, 2014.
- Freeman, Michael, Human Rights, New Delhi: Atlantic for Polity Press, 2003.
- Krishnamurthy, B., Ganapathy-Dore, Geetha, European Convention on Human Rights: Sixty Years and Beyond, New Delhi: New Century Publications, 2012.
- Monshipouri, Mahmood, Englehart, Neil, et.al., eds., Constructing Human Rights In The Age of Globalization, New Delhi: Prentice-Hall, 2004.
- Motilal, Shashi, ed., Applied Ethics and Human Rights: Conceptual Analysis and Contextual Applications, Delhi, Anthem Press, 2011.
- Paul Gordon Lauren, The Evolution of International Human Rights: Visions Seen, Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, 2003.
- Rahman, Anisur, ed., Human Rights and Social Security: Perspectives, Issues and Challenges, New Delhi: Manak Publications, 2011.
- Runzo, Joseph, Martin, Nancy M and Sharma, Arvind, Human Rights and Responsibilities in the World Religions, Oxford: One World Publications, 2003.
- Sinha, Manoj Kumar, Enforcement of Economic, Social and Cultural Rights: International and National Perspectives, New Delhi: Manak Publications, 2006.

Course Outcome

The programme enables students to take an analytic and critical stance and deal with questions of how human rights affect social and political processes. At the end of the programme you will be able to

- search for, identify and assess primary sources as well scholarly literature about human rights
- identify, contextualise and use information about the human rights situation in a given country,
- critically appraise source material, including cases from human rights committees and tribunals and reports and summary records from treaty bodies
- analyse a country's situation or an international situation in terms of human rights and formulate human rights-based initiatives and policies
- promote human rights through legal as well as non-legal means
- participate in legal, political and other debates involving human rights in a knowledgeable and constructive way

mm

Sem

ester-III PSC C-301: INDIAN POLITICAL

SYSTEM (CBCS)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
	Indian Political System (Choice Based Paper)	4	20	80

Objectives	This paper seeks to introduce students the key institutions and processes of		
	governance in India. Organised in four units, the paper deals with historical		
	legacies and foundations of Indian state and democracy with reference to the		
	making of the Indian Constitution.		
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on key institutions and processes of governance in India.		
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of		
	oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both		
	conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.		

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Preamble	13
The Constitution	Salient features of the Indian Constitution	
Unit-II	Union Executive: President, Vice-President, Council of	13
The Administrative and	Ministers, Prime Minister, Bureaucracy	
Legislative System, Judicial	Parliament: President, Rajya Sabha, Lok Sabha, Speaker	
System	of the Lok Sabha, Supreme Court, High Court and	
	Subordinate Courts	
Unit-III Electoral Politics	Political Parties, Pressure Groups and Electoral Politics	13
Unit-IV Decentralization and	Indian Federalism: (a) Centre-State Relations	13
Devolution	(b) National Integration (c) NDC and Niti Ayog	
	Total	52

- 1. Subhash C Kashyap, Óur Political System', National Book Trust of India, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. Durga Das Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India', Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi, 1990.
- 3. C P Bhambri, Politics in India 1947-87', _Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 1988.
- 4. Paul R Brass, _The Politics in India since independence', Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 1992.
- 5. BidyutChakraborthy, Forging Powers: Coalition politics in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2005.
- 6. Bowmbal K R and Choudhury L P, Aspects of democratic government and politics in India, Atma Ram and Sons, Delhi, 1968.
- 7. Rajani Kothari, Politics in India, Orient Blackswan, 2013.
- 8. Guha, Ramachandra (2008). India after Gandhi: the history of the world's largest democracy (Indian Ed.). India: Picador.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	The key institutions and processes of governance in India.
	Historical legacies and foundations of Indian state and democracy with reference to the making of the Indian Constitution.
	Total one to the making of the material constitution.

PSC CE-302 (A): INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

(Core Elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE-302 (A)	Indian Political Thought	4	20	80
Objectives	l .		focus on Indian philos	-
	thought on social	l and political idea	as and to what extent	is Indian Political
	thought a reject	ion, derivative-im	itation or innovative	-transformation of
	Western Political Thought.			
	It is an attempt to discuss systematically the political ideas of various			
	political and social leaders and thinkers of India. Organised into four units,			
	the paper emphasizes the distinctive contribution of Indian thinkers to			
	political theorizing and the relative autonomy of Indian political thought.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on Indian philosophical systems of thought			
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of			
	oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both			
	conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Manu and Kautilya	013
Unit-II	Raja Ram Mohan Roy Vivekananda	13
Unit-III	B.R. Ambedkar M.K. Gandhi Jawaharlal Nehru	13
Unit-IV	Ram Manohar Lohiya Jayprakash Narayan	13
	Total	52

- 1. Ambedkar, B.R., Annihilation of Caste, edited by Mulk Raj Anand, Delhi, Arnold Publisher,
- 2. Appadorai, A., Indian Political Thinking in the 20th Century (New Delhi, 1987).
- 3. Chatterjee, P., Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: Derivative Discourse?,London,
- 4. Dalton, D.G., Indian Idea of Freedom. Gurgaon, Academy Press, 1984.
- 5. Das, H.H. and Patra, P.S.N., Indian Political Thought (Sterling).
- 6. Jha, D.N., Ancient India: An Introductory Outline. Deihi, People's Publishing House, 1993.
- 7. Karunakaran, K.P., Indian Politics from DadabhaiNauroji to Gandhi, Delhi, Asia 1967.
- 8. Masih, Y., Introduction to Religious Philosophy, Delhi, MotilalBanarsidas. 1971.
- 9. Mehta, V.R., Foundations of Indian Political Thought, Delhi, Manohar Publisher, 1992.
- 10. Mehta, V.R., Ideology, Modernisation and Politics in India. Lahore, Book Traders, 1990.
- 11. Mishra, J.K. Indian Political Tradition: Ancient and Modern, 1993.
- 12. Mohanty, Dushmanta, Indian Political Tradition (New Delhi, 1997).
- 13. Narvane, V.S. Modern Indian Thought, New Delhi, Orient Longman, 1978.

- 14. Padhi, K.S., Indian Political Tradition (Berhampur, 1997).
- 15. Pantham, T. and Deutsch, K.L. edited, Modern Indian Political Thought, Delhi, Sage, 1986.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	Indian philosophical systems of thought on social and political ideas.
	The political ideas of various political and social leaders and thinkers of India.

PSC CE -302 (B): POLITICAL PROCESSES IN INDIA (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE -302 (B)	Political	4	20	80
	Processes in India			
Objectives	Teaching politics in a country has to be grounded in understanding and analysis of politics of the country concerned. Thus, organised in four units, this paper focuses in detail on the political processes and the actual functioning of the political system. It then examines the functioning of various social movements, the nature of Indian party system, civil society groups and the statutory and constitutional bodies of governance. The major contradictions of the Indian political process are critically analyzed along with an assessment of its relative			
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of the political processes and the actual functioning of the political system.			
Teaching Scheme	oral & PPT pres	entation, group d	vith assessment of stu iscussion, term paper all understanding on the	etc to have both

Units	Topics	Hours	
Unit I: Nature of Indian State			
Unit-II: Social Movements and Civil Society Groups	Social Movements: Dalit, Tribal, Women, Farmers, Environment. Civil Society Groups: Non-Party Social Formations, Non-Governmental Organisations, Social Action Groups.	13	
Unit-III: Electoral Politics in India	Ctoral Social and Ideological bases: National and Regional Parties Coalition Politics at the national and state level Electoral Process and Election Commission of India.		
Unit IV Constitutional and Statutory Bodies	Constitutional and Statutory Bodies: Comptroller and Auditor\General, Finance Commission, National Commission for Scheduled Castes, National Commission for Scheduled Tribes, National Commission for Human Rights, National Commission for Women, National Commission for Minorities.		
	Total	52	

Selected Readings

- 1. Chatterjee, Partha. 2010. "The state," in Niraja Gopal Jayal and Pratap Bhanu Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India. New Delhi: OUP.
- 2. Das, Samir Kumar. 2013. -Introduction: Surveying the literature on state in post-Independence India, in Samir Kumar Das (ed.). ICSSR research surveys and explorations: Political Science, Vol.1. New Delhi: ICSSR/Oxford University Press.
- 3. Menon, Nivedita and Aditya Nigam. 2007. Power and contestation: India since 1989. New Delhi: Zed.
- 4. Basu, Amrita. 2010. -Gender and Politics, I in Jayal and Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India.
- 5. Guru, Gopal -Social justice, I in Jayal and Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India.
- 6. Jhodka, Surinder. 2010. -Caste and politics," in Jayal and Mehta (eds). The Oxford companion to politics in India.
- 7. Pai, Sudha. 2013. Dalit assertion. New Delhi: OUP short introduction series.
- 8. Xaxa, Virginius. 2005. "Politics of language, religion and identity: Tribes in India," Economic and Political Weekly, 40(13).
- 9. Kaviraj, Sudipta. 2001. "In search of civil society," in Sudipta Kaviraj and Sunil Khilnani. Civil society: History and possibilities. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 10. Kothari, Smitu. 1993. -Social Movements and the redefinition of democracyl in Philip Oldenburg (ed.). India briefing. Boulder: Westview Press.
- 11. Mohanty, Manoranjan and Partha Nath Mukherji (eds.). 1998. People's rights: Social movements and the state in the Third World. New Delhi: Sage.
- 12. Nayar, Deepak. 2006. –India's unfinished journeys: Transforming growth into development, Modern Asian Studies 40(3), pp.797-832
- 13. Sachs, Jeffrey, Ashutosh Varshney and Nirupam Bajpai (eds). 2000. India in the era of economic reforms. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 14. Suri, K.C. 2006. -Political economy of agrarian distress. Economic and Political Weekly 15. 41(16), 1523-29.
- 16. Kohli, Atul. 2001. -Introduction, I in Atul Kohli (ed.). The success of India's democracy. New Delhi: Cambridge/Foundation.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	The political processes and the actual functioning of the political system.
	The major contradictions of the Indian political process along with an assessment of
	its relative success and failures

PSC CE-303 (A): INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY (Core elective-Optional)

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
SPS-303(A)	India's Foreign Policy	4	20	80
Objectives	The basic objective of this course is: To introduce students to the mechanics of foreign policy making and the issues that influence the policy in order for them to develop a perspective on the emerging trends in Indian foreign policy			
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of the necessities of foreign relations, World War-II, Cold War, the UN			

Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures (virtual and actual) with periodic evaluative
	and demonstrative exercises like term paper writing, MCQs, case studies,
	report writing, mock examinations and presentations will be done.

Detailed Syllabus

Units	Topics	Hours
Uit-I	Determinants of India's Foreign Policy: domestic and international	13
	Evolution of Indian Foreign Policy: Pre-Independence to Post-Independence	
Unit-II	Making of India's Foreign Policy: Institutions, Structure, and Processes Continuity and change in foreign policy: Non-Alignment, Terrorism, Energy Security, Indian Diaspora	13
Unit-III	Relations with Global and Regional International Institutions: UN, WTO, ASEAN, APEC, EU, IORA, SAARC	13
Unit-IV	India and neighbours: Pakistan, Bangladesh, Nepal and Sri Lanka India and Major Powers: United States, PRC and Russia India's global aspirations and its constraints (with special emphasis on National Security and India's Economic and Nuclear Policy)	13
	Total	52

Reading List

- 1. Kanti Bajpai, Saira Basit, Krishnappa, V. eds., India's Grand Strategy: History, theory, cases, Routledge India, 2014.
- 2. J. Bandyopadhyaya, The Making of India's Foreign Policy: Determinants, Institutions, Processes, And Personalities, Allied Publishers, 1970.
- 3. J. N. Dixit, Indian Foreign Policy and its Neighbours, Gyan Publishing, 2001.
- 4. Sumit Ganguly, India's Foreign Policy-Retrospect and Prospect, Oxford, 2010.
- 5. Sumi tGanguli, Indian foreign Policy (short introduction), Oxford, 2019.
- 6. Anjali Ghosh, Tridib Chakrobroti, Anindyo Jyoti Majumdar and Shibashis Chatterjee, eds., India's Foreign Policy, Pearson, 2009.
- 7. C. Raja Mohan, Crossing the Rubicon: The Shaping of India's New Foreign Policy, Penguin Books, 2005.
- 8. Jawaharlal Nehru, India's Foreign Policy: Selected Speeches, September 1946-April 1961, Publications Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Govt. of India,1961.
- 9. Nancy Jetly and Rajendra Prasad, India's Foreign Policy: Challenges And Prospects, Vikas Pub. House, 1999.
- 10. S.D. Muni, India's foreign Policy, The Democracy Dimension, Foundation Books, 2009.
- 11. Shashi Tharoor, Reasons of State: Political development and India's foreign policy under Indira Gandhi, Vikas Publishing House pvt ltd., 1982.
- 12. B.R. Nanda edited India's Foreign Policy in the Nehru Years, VikasPublishing House pvt ltd., 1976.
- 13. V. P. Dutta, India's Foreign Policy since Independence, National Book Trust, 2007.

Course	On completion of this course, students are expected to
Outcome	Understand the basic features of Indian foreign policy that have evolved over seven
	decades of nationhood.
	Understand processes of policy making and appreciate the complexities involved in it.
	Appreciate the role of various Prime Ministers in the foreign policy making.
	Know the challenges that India faces in its neighbourhood and the reasons behind the
	policy stances.
	Gain an understanding of the history and current India's policy with regards to our
	relations with important world players and regional powers.
	Understand India's stand on Nuclear Weapons and the restructuring of the UN.

PSC CE-303(B) INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS OF SOUTH ASIA (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE-303(B)	International Relations of South Asia	4	20	80
	International relations of South Asia are based on the study of South Asia as a region. The course will consider a number of conceptual and policies' questions and explore how the South Asian region has been transforming with the globalization of its economy, the resurgent ethnic conflicts, situated in a nuclearized security environment and the ever deepening and rapidly pervading connections with the global and local extremism and terrorism.			
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on International relations of South Asia			
Teaching	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral			
	& PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours			
Unit-I	The Origins and nature of South Asian States.				
	Socio-Cultural Structures and the Post-colonial challenges of State construction and nation-building.				
Unit-II	Limits of Structural realism and South Asian security.	13			
Unit-III	Deterrence theory and Nuclearization of South Asia	13			
	Borders and Boundaries : Security Challenges	14			
Unit-IV	Internal Conflict and Porous Borders				
	Democratization and the Crises of				
	Governance. Migration, Refugee problems				
	Human development				
	Total	52			

- 1. Bose, Sugata and Ayesha Jalal (2004), Modern South Asia: History, Culture, Political Economy, London: Routledge.
- 2. Ludden, David (2002), India and South Asia: A Short History, Oxford: One World Publishers.
- 3. Nandy, Ashis (1983), The Intimate Enemy: The Loss and Recovery of the Self under Colonialism. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 4. Jalal, Ayesha (1995), Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia: A Comparative and Historical Perspective. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 5. Sridharan, E. (ed.) (2011), International Relations Theory and South Asia. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on			
Outcome	A number of conceptual and policies' questions and explore how the South Asian			
	region has been transforming with the globalization of its economy,			
	The resurgent ethnic conflicts, situated in a nuclearized security environment and the			
	ever deepening and rapidly pervading connections with the global and local			
	extremism and terrorism			

PSC C E 304 (A): PUBLIC POLICY AND GOVERNANCE (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE 304(A)		4	20	80
Objectives	policy and administ effectiveness in trapolicies and making decentralization, fin welfare from a non different dimension contemporary times concept of governa administration, devethe various good go	tration in India. Inslating the gove g it a part of the chancial management western perspect as of governance is. There is a need ance in the context elopment. The essevernance initiative	duction to the interfactor of public raining philosophy into community living. It dont, citizens and administre. This paper deals highlighting the major of the understand the cut of a globalising whence of governance is a introduced in India.	e policy lies in its o programmes and eals with issues of istration and social with concepts and jor debates in the importance of the orld, environment,
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge or	n Public Policy and	d Governance	
Teaching Scheme	oral & PPT presenta	ation, group discus	ith assessment of stuctures ssion, term paper etc tunderstanding on the s	o have both

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Theoretical understanding of Governance: Governance: Meaning, Definition, Types. Difference between Government and Governance, Evolution of the concept of governance as a part of the neoliberal discourse, and its critique.	
Unit-II	Issues of State and Development: Society, State and Market: Autonomy, Strength and Weakness New Public Management and its critique	13

Unit-III	Public Policy and Social Reform: Public Policy: Meaning, Nature and Types, Public Policy Process in India. Public policy and Human Security: Public Policies with special reference to Housing, Health, Drinking Water, Food Security, MNREGA, NHRM, RTE Act, The New Education Policy 2020.	
Unit-IV	Institutional Mechanisms for Governance Reform: Good Governance; E-Governance, Right to Information, Citizen Charter; Public Delivery System, Corporate Social Responsibility, Ombudsman, Lokpal and Lokayukta	1
	Total	52

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	 The philosophical basis of the ideologies with special emphasis on key
	thinkers and their theoretical formulations.
	The legacy of all the major ideologies.

PSC CE-304 (B): SOCIAL EXCLUSION AND INCLUSIVE POLICY (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC C E 304(A)		4	20	80
Objectives	and practical aspectively way that it would various aspects and and mechanism of Conceptualizing caste/ethnicity and Developing unders exclusion. Contextualizing and Developing an undersulation and Developing and undersulation and Developing and undersulation.	ets of social exclu- give wider exposed dimension of So- inclusion, the spec- discrimination, or religion. tanding of the nated d problematizing of erstanding of discress for protecting the	nities to the students to usion. The course is consumed to the students recial Exclusion but also sific Objectives of of the exclusion and include and dynamics of eliscrimination, exclusion in the rights of these ground ination.	lesigned in such a not only about the so on various tools his course are usion based on discrimination and on and inclusion.
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge of policy for social in		practical aspects of so	ocial exclusion and
Teaching Scheme	oral & PPT present	tation, group discu	rith assessment of studession, term paper etc tunderstanding on the	to have both

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Social Exclusion- Concept, Approaches	
	Historical Background of the Concept of Social Exclusion; humiliation,	
	inequalities- social, economic and political, untouchability, stigmatization,	
	discrimination, deprivation, marginalization	
Unit-II	Forms of Social Exclusion	13
	I Religion, Race, Caste, Class, Gender, Indigenous/Adivasi, Disability	
	Migrants and Refugees, Region, Language and Ethnicity, Illness.	
Unit-III	Ability Enhancement : Education and Social Exclusion	13
	Minorities : Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Scheduled Castes: Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Scheduled Tribes: Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Disability: Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Women: Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Gender beyond Binaries: Rights and Inclusive Policy	
	Social Exclusion and Inclusive Policy- the link: Reservation policies for the	14
Unit-IV	socially and educationally backward in India.	
	Issues and Challenges in Public Policy	
	Total	52

Course	1. The course provides an insight into the historical background of the concept social
Outcome	exclusion
	2. The students will see how the concept is related to various theoretical concepts of
	inequality, poverty and discrimination
	3. It discusses different modes of social exclusion with case studies from India and
	elsewhere
	4. It discusses case studies relating to social exclusion with a specific focus on
	poverty, discrimination, deprivation and inequality

PSC CE-305 (A): POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE-305 (A):	Political Ideologies	4	20	80
	politics. Each ideo of its evolution ar within each ideological	logy is critically s nd development, the gy, the changes and	nt political ideologies a tudied in its historical he different streams a d continuities in its do nes are highlighted.	context. In course and subtle nuances
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge	on different Politic	al Ideologies	
	oral & PPT presen	tation, group discu	with assessment of studiesion, term paper etc to understanding on the	to have both

ş-	†	1
Unit	Topics	Hours

Unit-I	Contemporary Perspectives-I: Liberalism, Marxism, Feminism,	13
Unit-II	Contemporary Perspectives-II: Neo Liberalism, Neo- Marxis Multiculturalism, Post Modernism, Ecologism	sm,13
Unit-III	Nationalism: European & Non-European, Internationalism	13
Unit-IV	A Debate on end of Ideologies	13
	Total	52

- 1. B. Anderson; Imagined Communities, London, Verso, 1991.
- 2. S. Avineri and A. de Shalit (eds.), Communitarianism and Individualism, Oxford,
- 3. Oxford University Press, 1992.
- 4. L. P. Baradat, Political Ideologies: Their Origins and Impact, Englewood Cliffs NJ Prentice Hall, 1989.
- 5. R. M. Christenson, et al., Ideologies and Modern Politics, London, Thomas Nelson and Sons, 1971.
- 6. R. H. Cox, Ideology, Politics and Political Theory, Belmont California, Wadsworth, 1969.
- 7. C. Funderbunk and R.G. Thobaben, Political Ideologies: Left, Center and Right, New York, Harper Collins College Publishers, 1994.
- 8. P. Gay, The Dilemma of Democratic Socialism: Eduard Bernstein's challenge to Marx, New York, Columbia University Press, 1952.
- 9. J. Gray, Liberalisms: Essays in Political Philosophy, London, Routledge, 1989.
- 10. D. Ingersoll and R.K. Mathews, The Philosophic Roots of Modern Ideologies: Liberalism Communism and Fascism, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1991.
- 11. W. Kymlicka, Contemporary Political Philosophy: An Introduction, Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1990.
- 12. W. Lerner, A History of Socialism and Communism in Modern Times: Theorists, Activists and Humanists, Englewood Cliffs NJ, Prentice Hall, 1995.
- 13. G. Lichtheim, A Short History of Socialism, London, Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1970.
- 14. R. C. Macridis, Contemporary Political Ideologies: Movements and Regimes, New York, Harper Collins, 1992.
- 15. H. C. Mansfield, The Spirit of Liberalism, Cambridge, Harvard University Press.
- 16. P. Marshall, Demanding the Impossible: A History of Anarchism, London, Harper Collins, 1992.
- 17. R. Plant, Modern Political Thought, Cambridge, Basil Blackwell, 1991.
- 18. G. H. Sabine, A History of Political Theory revised by T.L. Thorson, New Delhi, Oxford and IBH, 1973.
- 19. M. Seliger, Ideology and Politics, London, Allen and Unwin, 1976.
- 20. M. Q. Sibley, Political Ideas and Ideologies: A History of Political Thought, New Delhi, Surject Publications, 1981.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	The philosophical basis of the ideologies with special emphasis on key thinkers and
	their theoretical formulations.
	The legacy of all the major ideologies.

PSC CE-305(B) CRITICAL TRADITIONS IN POLITICAL THEORY (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
	Critical Traditions in Political	4	20	80
	Theory			
	While the compulsory papers provide the necessary and mainstream bedrock of political theory, ancient and modern, this course highlights the primary challenges to mainstream liberal theory. It does so from various perspectives which would not otherwise receive the fuller treatment they deserve			
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge theory, ancient and	-	y and mainstream be	drock of political
	oral & PPT presen	tation, group discu	rith assessment of studentsion, term paper etc to understanding on the	to have both

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I Introduction	Interrogating tradition	13
	What is a critique?	
	The importance of a critical tradition	
Unit-II		13
Dalit Bahujan Critique	Critique of the theory and practice of caste	
	Theorising the encounter with modernity	
		13
Unit-III Feminism	Theories of knowledge, critiques of science and rationality	l
Unit-IV	Theories of the Public/Private, Equality/Difference	13
Gender and Sexuality	Gender and Sexuality	
	Total	52

- 1. Dobson, Andrew, Green Political Thought, 2nd. Ed., London: Routledge, 1995.
- 2. Dobson, Andrew, Justice and the Environment, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1998.
- 3. Barrett, Michelle, Women's Oppression Today: Problems in Marxist Feminist Analysis, London: Verso, 1980.
- 4. Evelyn, Fox Keller and Helen Longino (eds.), Feminism and Science, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1996.
- 5. Geetha, V and S Rajadularai, Towards a non-Brahmin Millenium, Calcutta: Samya, 1998. Gilroy, Robert, Green Political Theory, Cambridge, Polity, 1992.
- 6. Jaggar, Alison, Feminist Politics and Human Nature, Harvard: Harvester University Press, 1983. Merchant, Carolyn edited, Ecology: Key concepts in Critical Theory Series, Jaipur: Rawat.

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on
Outcome	Necessary and mainstream bedrock of political theory, ancient and modern,
	The primary challenges to mainstream liberal theory.

*PSC-AD 306: FEMINISM: THEORIES AND PRACTICES (ADD ON-NON-CREDIT)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
*PSC-AD 306: (ADD ON-NON- CREDIT)	FEMINISM: THEORIES AND PRACTICES	4		
	Objectives: This course is designed in theories and concepts different theoretical and discipling gender. How has women's of concepts or theoretical frames? power dimension of women in perspective. It will focus on the social and political structure a emerging feminist discourse an patriarchy	s, by examining linary approach ppression been The objective both public are question of go and process with	the history es to the stu- theorised land of this paper and private sy ender and it a specific in	y of ideas on and ady of women and by deploying new er is to analyse the phere from gender s relationship with importance on
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on			
	Regular Classroom lectures alooral & PPT presentation, group conceptual clarity as well as pra	discussion, tern	n paper etc 1	to have both

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Approaches to understanding Feminism:	13
	 The sex/gender distinction. Biologism Versus Social Constructivism Understanding Patriarchy 	
	 Liberal, Socialist, Marxist, Radical Feminism, New Feminis Schools/Traditions 	t
Unit-II	 History of Feminism Origin of Feminism Family in Contemporary India - Patrilineal and Matrilineal Practices. Gender Relations in the Family, Entitlements and Bargaining, Property 	13
	Gender Relations in the Family, Entitlements and Bargaining, Property Rights	7

Unit-III	Understanding Woman's Work and Labour	13
Unit-III	Sexual Division of Labour- Productive and Reproductive labour,	
	Visible - Invisible Work – Unpaid and Paid work	
Unit-IV	The Indian Experience	13
	Social Reforms Movement and Position of Women in India	
	• Women's Participation in Anti-Colonial And National Liberation	n
	Movements in India	
	Total	52

Suggested Readings:

- > Jagger, Alison. (1983) Feminist Politics and Human Nature. U.K.: Harvester Press, pp.
- **>** 25-350.
- Lerner, Gerda. (1986) The Creation of Patriarchy. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Rowbotham, Shiela. (1993) Women in Movements. New York and London: Routledge,
- > Section I, pp. 27-74 and 178-218.
- ➤ Jayawardene, Kumari. (1986) Feminism and Nationalism in the Third World. London: Zed Books, pp. 1-24, 71-108, and Conclusion

Course Outcome After reading this course the students will Identify major trends and theorists in Women's and Gender Studies Become familiar with key concepts in feminist theories and the debates associated with them. Become familiar with significant writings in feminist theories both in and elsewhere Learn how to identify arguments from key texts, present them orally a writing through assessments.

Semester -IV

PSC CE 401-(A) NEW SOCIAL AND POLITICAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal	External Marks
			Marks	
PSC CE 401-(A)	NEW SOCIAL AND	4	20	80
	POLITICAL MOVEMENTS			
	IN INDIA			

	Inder the influence of globalization, development processes in India have indergone transformation to produce spaces of advantage and disadvantage and new geographies of power. A variety of protest movements emerged to interrogate and challenge this development paradigm that evidently also weakens the democratic space so very vital to the formulation of critical consensus. This course proposes to introduce, students to the conditions, ontexts and forms of political contestation over development paradigms and neir bearing on the retrieval of democratic voice of citizens. To introduce the ocial and Political movements in the Post – independent India with special efference to mobilization politics like movements for the formation of States, grarian movements, anti – caste movements and movements related to evelopment issues. To help the students to develop the capability of standing the perspectives of three major ideological strands represented by agrarian movements, Anti – caste movements & Women's movement. To help tudents to understand the impact of movements on haping the pattern of politics. Basic Knowledge on the new social and political movements in India	
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on the new social and political movements in India	
_	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.	

Detailed Syllabus

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	Social and Political Movements: Concepts, Theories and Types.	13
	Social and Political Movements in India: Background, History and Debate	
Unit-II	Peasant's Movement: Genesis and Growth Tribal Movements: Issues and	13
	Dynamics	
	Dalit and Backward Caste Movement: Issues, Leaderships and organizations.	1
Unit-III	Women's Movement: Gender Justice and Empowerment, Challenges to Women's Movement- Fundamentalism, Caste, Violence, and Moral Policing	
	women's Movement-Fundamentanism, Caste, Violence, and Moral Foncing	
Unit-IV	Environmental Movements: Chipko Movement, Silent Valley Movement &	13
	Narmada Bachao Andolan.	
	State, Civil Society and Social Movements in India.	
	Total	52

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Basu, Amrita (edited): The Challenge of Local Feminism: Women's Movements in Global Perspective, New Delhi, 1999.
- 2. Shah Ghanshyam: Social Movements and the State, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2002.
- 3. Shah Ghanshyam : Social Movements in India: A Review of the LIterature, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 1990.
- 4. Mohanty Manoranjan (ed): Caste, Class and Gender, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2004
- 5. Oommen, T.K., (ed): Social Movements (Vol I and Vol II) OUP, New Delhi, 2010.

- 6. Singh, K.S., : Tribal Movement in India
- 7. Gail, Omvedt: Reinventing Revolution: New Social Movements and the Socialist, 1993
- 8. Wilkinson Paul: Social Movements.
- 9. Rao, M.S.A., Social Movements in India, New Delhi, Manohar, 1981.
- 10. Desai, Neera (ed.), Decade of Women's Movement in India, Bombay Himalaya Publishing House, 1988.
- 11. Shah Ghanshyam , Caste and Democratic Politics in India, Delhi: Permanent Black , 2008.
- 12. Jaffrelot, Christophe India¶s Silent Revolution: The Rise of the Low Castes in North Indian Politics, Delhi: Permanent Black, 2011.
- 13. M.V. Nadarkarni: Farmer's Movement in India, Allied, New Delhi, 1987.
- 14. T. K. Oommen: Nation, Civil Society and Social Movements, Sage, Delhi, 2004.
- 15. Rajendra Singh (ed.): Social Movement, Old and New: A Post-Modern Critique, Sage Publishers, New Delhi, 2001.
- 16. Ashish Ghosh (ed.): Dalits and Peasants: The Emerging Caste-Class Dynamics, GyanSagar Publication, 1999.

Course	After reading this course the students will					
Outcome	Know the importance of a study of social movements in understanding					
	politics?					
	 Know the difference between riot and social movement. 					
	• Know the common elements of different definitions of social movement?					
	 Know the main components of social movements? 					
	Know the difference between _social and _political movements?					

PSC CE 401-(B) LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN INDIA (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
PSC CE 401(B)	LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN INDIA	4	20	80
Objectives	The paper contributes to the better institutional structures, functioning them by the state or the centre and government is the most important programs impact residents, workers, a daily basis. It is the end point that local governments exercise important plan and pay for most roads, run parant plan and pay for most roads, run parant plan and pay for most roads, run parant plan it is to serve the common gwithin it is to serve the constituent livelihood, healthcare, and other published the study of local politics, policy, ad the local institutions viz., Panchayati	and dutied which a level of and agriculture connects the function bublic sclus. Local good; and acy by price services ministration of the services and acy by price services and acy by prince services and acy by price services and acy by price services	es including the are of interest government. Lalture and its all society and the sin the scheme hools, provide governments the sole purpor coviding justice is. Local Government public	ose entrusted to to locals. Local Its policies and lied activities on e state. State and e of States. They water, establish are established se of the offices e, infrastructure, nment Studies is management by
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on local politic management by the local institution Governments.		•	
Teaching Scheme	Regular Classroom lectures along woral & PPT presentation, group discu conceptual clarity as well as practical	ssion, ter	m paper etc to	have both

Unit	Topics Hours
Unit-I: Local Government and	Meaning, Concept and Significance of Local 13
Decentralization	Government in India (Urban and Rural), Constitutional
	Frame work relating to Local governments in India.
	Theories of Decentralization, Concept of Delegation,
	De-Concentration and Devolution: its Benefits.
	Significance of Development of Rural and Urban
	Institutions in India
Unit-II: Evolution of Local	Local Governments (Urban and Rural): Evolution, 13
Governments	Meaning, Features, Significance and Leadership.
	73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendment Acts.
	Panchayati Raj Institutions: Composition, Functions,
	Sources of Income and Significance
	Urban Local Bodies: Varieties (Metropolitan 13
Unit-III: Urban Local	Corporation, Municipal Corporation, Municipality, Town
Governments	Panchayat) Meaning, Features, Role and Significance.
	2. District Administration: Evolution, Features and
	Functions. District Collector: Colonial legacy, Revenue
	Administration, Functions and Position.
	State Finance Commission, State Election Commission. 13
Local Government	Urban-Rural Relationship and Problems.
	Globalization and Concept of Citizen Centric
	Administration: Features and Significance Citizen's
	Charter, Concept of Stake holders and Service Providing.
	Total 52

Suggested Readings

- 1. Vaddiraju, Anil Kumar. (2017). Federalism and Local Government in India. Delhi: Studium Press Pvt.Ltd.
- 2. Singh, Pankaj. (2017). Rural Local Government in India. Allahabad: Kitab Mahal.
- 3. Dollery, Brian., & Robotti, Lorenzo. (2008). The Theory and Practice of Local Government Reform. UK: Edward Elgar.
- 4. Singh. Vijandra, (2003). "Chapter 5: Panchayati Raj and Gandhi". Panchayati Raj and Village Development: Volume 3, Perspectives on Panchayati Raj Administration. Studies in public administration. New Delhi: Sarup & Sons.
- 5. Sachdeva, Pardeep. (2000). Urban Local Government and Administration in India. New Delhi: Kitab Mahal.
- 6. Singh, Hoshiar. (1997). Local Government in India, Britain, France and USA. Allahabad: Kitab Mahal.
- 7. Chandler, J. A. (1992). Local Government in Liberal Democracies: An Introductory Survey. New York: Routledge.
- 8. Singh Sahib., & Singh, Swinder. (1991). Local Government in India. Jalandhar: New Academic Publishing Co.
- 9. Sachdeva, Pardeep. (1991). Dynamics of Municipal Government and Politics in India. New Delhi: Kitab Mahal.
- 10. Mackenzie, W J. M. (1975). Explorations in Government Collected Papers 1951-1968. UK: Palgrave Macmillan.

Course	After reading thus paper the students will able
Outcome	To know the objective and to help them to take voluntary interest in the elections of
	these institutions.
	To know the local politics, policy, administration and public management by the
	local institutions viz., Panchayati Raj and Urban Governments.

PSC CE—402 (A): FOREIGN POLICY OF MAJOR POWERS (Core elective-Optional)

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark	
PSC CE—402 (A)	Foreign Policy of Major Powers	4	20	80	
Objectives	 The basic objective of this course Familiarise students with post world. To train the students and malthe foreign policy formulation like the US, Russia, and China 	t world war- ke them trac	ce the ideas and links	that direct	
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of international relations, world history, foreign policy and political developments in the US, Russia and China.				
	Regular classroom lectures with paper, problem sets, case studies, will be done with an emphasis to the conceptual understanding and	report writing develop co	ng, mock exams and probherence among stude	resentations	

Detailed Syllabus

Units	Topi	Hours			
	cs				
Unit-I	Foreign Policy Analysis: The Nature of Foreign Policy and				
	Theoretical Analysis				
	Phases of Foreign Policy: Foreign Policy during Cold War, Post-Cold				
	War and in New World Order				
Unit-II	US Foreign Policy: From Isolationism to	13			
	Containment US and South Asia				
	US and Middle				
	East US and				
	China				
	Emerging Trends in US Foreign Policy and Asian Pivot				
Unit-III	Foreign Policy of the Peoples Republic of	13			
	China Determinants of Chinese Foreign				
	Policy				
	Sino-US				
	Rapprochement Sino				
	– Russian Relations				
	Emerging trends in Chinese Foreign Policy				

Unit-IV	Foreign Policy of the Russian Federation	13
	Major parameters in Russian Foreign	
	Policy	

Total 52

Essential Readings

- 1. Almond, Gabriel, The American People and Foreign Policy (New York, 1950)
- 2. Aron, Raymond, The Imperial Republic: The United States and the World (New Delhi, 1974).
- 3. Baral, J.K., Pentagon and American Foreign Policy-Making (New Delhi, 1987).
- 4. Bell, Coral, The Diplomacy of Détente (New Delhi, 1977).
- 5. Fairbank, John K., China Revisited (London, 1974)
- 6. Gordon, Bernard K., New Directions for American Policy in Asia (London, 1990)
- 7. Kissinger, Henry, American Policy- a Global View (Singapore, 1982).
- 8. Nathan, James A. And James K. Oliver, United States Foreign policy and world order (Boston 1985)
- 9. Palmer, Norman D., The US and India (New York, 1984)
- 10. Starr, John Bryan, The future of US-China Relations (New York, 1981)
- 11. Chan Gerald, Chinese Perspective on International Relations, New Zealand, Houndsmill, Macmillan University Press, 1999.
- 12. Cronin Patrick M. From Globalism to Regionalism: Sew Perspectives on US Foreign and Defence Policies, Washington, National Defence University Press, 1993.
- 13. Gaddis Johan Lewis, Strategies of Containment: A Critical Appraisal of Post War American National Security Policy, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1990.
- 14. GutjahrLothar. German Foreign and Defence Policy after Unification, Pinter Publishers, 1994.
- 15. Haas Richard N, Intervention: The Use of American Military Forces in the Post Cold War World, New York, Carnegie Endowment of International Peace, 1998.
- 16. John Dumbrell, American Foreign Policy: Carter to Clinton, Houndsmill, Macmillan, 1997.
- 17. Kanet Roger E and Alexander V. Kozhemiakin. The Foreign Policy of Russian Federation.
- 18. Houndsmill. Macmillan, 1997.
- 19. Larrabee Stephen. The Two German States and European Security, Houndsmill, Macmillan, 1999.
- 20. Sutter Robert G., Shaping China's Future in World Affairs: The Role of U.S. Boulder, Westview, 1996.
- 21. Whetten Lawrence L., Germany East and West: Conflicts, Collaboration and Confrontations,
- 22. New Jersey, Princeton University. Press, 1980.
- 23. Zwick Peter. Soviet Foreign Relations: Process and Policy. New Jersey, Prentice Hall, 1990.

Course Outcome	By the end of this course Students will able to know:
	i. the factors and mechanisms that guide foreign policy objectives of the
	major powers. Understand the nature and orientation of Foreign Policy from
	the Cold war days and its evolution through the Post-Cold War world order
	to today.
	The various challenges these powers posed before the world countries and
	what others must learn from them.

(Core elective-Optional)

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC CE-402(B)	Problems of International Relations	4	20	80
Objectives	This course has been designed into the numerous dimension Organisations, Understanding Process of Regionalism. It will deliberate towards important emerging powers in the present environment be its emphasis regional organisms.	s of Region g the concepte upon Indinations and	alism and Regiona otual and theoretica a's strategic appro established world ique feature of the	al aspects of each ecourse will
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of internation of the current dynamics of the			ng
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures term paper, problem sets, c and presentations will be do coherence among students of the practical knowledge setti	ase studies, ne with an n both the co	report writing, remphasis to deve	mock exams lop

Earled Syllabus		L- •	
Units		Topics	Hours
Unit-I		Understanding the Conceptual and	13
Regionalism and	Regional	Theoretical Aspects of Process	
Organization		of Regionalism	
		Regional Organization: Growth and	
		Classification	
		Significance of Regional Organisations in	
		India's Foreign Policy	
Unit-II		Genesis and Growth, Issues and Concerns,	13
SAARC		Summit Diplomacy	
		India's Role in SAARC, European Union	
Unit-III		Background and Civilization Ties: Look East and	13
India and South-East Asia		Act East Policy of India	
		India's Priorities: Security, Energy and Trade	
Unit-IV		Understanding BRICS: Origin, Agenda and	13
India and BRICS		Influence India-BRICS Engagement	
		New Development Bank and Impact of BRICS	
		on India's overall Strategic interests.	
		T	52
		0	
		t	
		a	
		1	

Reading List

- 1. Oliver Stuenkel (2015) The BRICS and the future of Global Order, Lexington Press.
- 2. Uwe Becker, (Ed) (2014), The BRICS and Emerging Economics in Comparative Perspectives: Political Economy, Liberalisation and Institutional Change,

- Routledge, New York.
- 3. BhabaniSen Gupta (1993) -SAARC: Asian Prospect and Problems of Intraregional Coopeation. South Asian Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. Bhargava, K.K. and Lama M.P (2008) SAARC, 2015: Expanding Horizons and Forging Cooperation in a Resurgent Asia, New Delhi, Friedrich Ebert Stiflung.

- 5. Rama S Melkote, Regional Organisations: A Third World Perspectives, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1990.
- 6. BaldasGhosal (ed.) 1996, India and South East Asia: Challenges and Opportunities, Konark Publishers, New Delhi.
- 7. Frederic Grare and Amitabh Matoo, (ed.) 2001 India and ASEAN: The Politics of Look East' Policy, Manohar Publisher, New Delhi
- 8. SudhirDevare (2005) India and South East Asia Towards Security Convergence, Institute of South East Asian Studies, Singapore.
- 9. Fredrik Soderbaum and Timothy M. Shaw (eds) Theories of New Regionalism: A Palgrave Reader, Palgrave Macmillan, New York,
- 10. Dash Kishore C, 2008, Origin and Evolution of SAARC: Regionalism in South Asia, Negotiating Cooperation, Institutional Structures, New York, Rutledge.
- 11. RumelDahiya and UdaiBhanu Singh, 2015, Realising the ASEAN-India Vision for Partnership and Prosperity, Pentagon Press,New Delhi

Course Outcome	 This course will enable students to: Develop an in-depth examination of the issues and problems associated with increasing world interdependence. Develop theoretical orientation to understand the causes of problems and possible solutions within international security architecture.
	 To comprehend major issues of global concern and international responses hitherto.

PSC CE 403 (A): STATE POLITICS IN ODISHA (Core elective-Optional)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks	
PSC CE 403 (A):	State Politics in Odisha	4	20	80	
Objectives	understand how the allow the students done from sociocourse seeks to se the period of over This Course aim governance and va Odisha. It focuses	he political proces to do assignments historical as well nsitize students to half a century from s to provide known ariation in Internal on regional politic	study one state in an asservolves at the State based on field studies as political economy the changes in the point 1936 to the present. Vieldge on political curved Political Pattern within cal parties and pattern focuses on the political	e level. It will also . The study is to be perspectives. The litical process over alture, institutional in the state of of voting behavior	
Pre-Requisites	Basic Knowledge on the government and politics in Odisha				
Teaching Scheme	oral & PPT presen	egular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of ral & PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both onceptual clarity as well as practical understanding on the subject.			

Detailed Syllabus

Units Topics	Hours
--------------	-------

Unit-I	Emergence of Odisha as a separate state	
	Emergence of Odisha as a separate state Political Culture of Odisha.	
	Sub-regionalism Politics & Regional Disparity	
Unit-II	Election and Voting Behaviour: Elections in Odisha	13
	Coalitional Politics in Odisha	
Unit-III	Rile of Regional Political	13
	Parties Ganatantra Parishad	
	Jana Congress,	
	Utkal Congress	
	Biju Janata Dal	
Unit-IV	Women Politics: Political Participation of Women.	13
	Scheduled Castes: Leadership and Political Participation	
	Scheduled Tribes: Leadership and Political Participation	
	Total	52

Suggested Readings.

- 1. Harihara Das, B.C. Choudhury, -Federal and State Politics in India,, Discovery Publication, New Delhi, 1990.
- 2. J.K.Mahapatra, -Factional Politics in Indiall, Chugh Publication, Allahabad, 1985.
- 3. Sukadev Nanda, Coalition Politics in Odisha, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 1979.
- 4. Sunit Ghosh, Odisha in Turmoil: A Study of Political Developments, Book land International, Bhubaneswar, 1979.
- 5. P. Padhy, (ed.) Indian State Politics, B. R. Publishing Corporation, Delhi, 1985.
- 6. B. K. Patnaik, -The Politics of Floor Crossing in Odishall, Santosh Publication, Cuttack, 1985.
- 7. B.B Jena and J. K. Baral, -Government and Politics in Odishall, (ed), Print House, Lucknow: 1988.
- 8. D. Bhuyan, and S. Muni, Coalitional Politics in Odisha, Abhijeet Publications, New Delhi: 2010.
- 9. D. Bhuyan, and Dayanidhi Parida, -Role of Regional Parties in Odishall, Abhijeet Publication, New Delhi: 2010.
- 10. R K Pradhan & D. Bhuyan, State Politics in Odisha, SSDN Publishers , New Delhi.
- 11. D. Bhuyan, Odisha Government and Politics: Institutions and processes, A. K. Mishra Publishers Pvt. Ltd, Cuttack

Course	By the end of the course students will have a conceptual clarity on		
Outcome	Political culture, institutional governance and variation in Internal Political Pattern		
	within the state of Odisha.		
	The political history of the state of Odisha.		

PSC CE 403(B): POLITICAL ECONOMY AND DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION IN ODISHA (Core elective-Optional)

Subject	Subject Name	Credit	Internal Marks	External Marks
Code				
PSC CI	POLITICAL ECONOMY AND)4	20	80
403 (B):	DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION	1		
	IN ODISHA			

Objective	This course examines the political economy of Odisha. Throughout the course we will			
S	study many possible determinants of economic growth including institutions, human			
	capital, trade, and financial development. We will also examine various strategies that			
	governments could employ to promote growth, such as poverty relief programs,			
	public investment in education, intellectual property right protection, and industrial			
	policies. The course is organized into two broad segments: 1) development in the long			
	run, which focuses on history, political systems, and economic institutions, and 2)			
	development in the short run, which analyzes the impact of poverty relief programs,			
	Union government's aid, international trade, and financial crisis.			
Pre-	Basic Knowledge on political economy of the state of Odisha			
Requisites				
Teaching	Regular Classroom lectures along with assessment of students by means of oral &			
Scheme	PPT presentation, group discussion, term paper etc to have both conceptual clarity as			
	well as practical understanding on the subject.			

Units	Topics	Hours
Unit-I	1. Meaning, Nature, Significance and Scope of Political	13
Introduction to Political	Economy	
Economy	2. Political Economy, Globalisation and Nation States	
	Political Economy of Odisha- Governance and Economic	
	Stability	
	•	
Unit-II:	Economic Structure of Odisha,	13
	Agrarian Policy of Odisha;	
Domestic Politics	Issue of Backwardness and Development of the State	
Unit-III:	Industrial induced displacement.	13
Political Economy and	Challenges to the development of the Scheduled Castes and	
Domestic Politics	the Scheduled Tribes and backward classes	
Unit-IV:	Regional imbalances in Odisha and policy measures to	13
Political Economy and	remove regional imbalances,	
Regionalism	Economic Reforms and Economic transitions in Odisha	
	Poverty; poverty trap and the need for external intervention;	
	issues with micro intervention programs;	
	Total	52

Suggested Readings.

- 1. Mill, John Stuart. (2012). Principles of Political Economy. Create Space Independent Publishing Platform.
- 2. Mill, John Stuart., & Riley, Jonathan. (2008). Principles of Political Economy: and Chapters on Socialism. London: Oxford University Press.
- 3. Weingast, Barry R. & Wittman, Donald. (2008). The Oxford Handbook of Political Economy. United Kingdom: OUP Oxford.
- 4. Weingast, Barry R. &. Wittman, Donald A. (2006). Oxford The Oxford Handbook Of Political Economy. USA: Oxford University Press.
- 5. Payne, (2006). New Political Economy. London: Routledge.
- 6. Usher, Daniel. (2003). Political Economy. New Jersey: Wiley-Blackwell.
- 7. Albritton, Robert. (2003). New Dialectics and Political Economy. UK: Palgrave

- Macmillan.
- 8. Chandhoke, Neera. Priyadarshi, Praveen. (1999). Contemporary India: Economy, Society, Politics. London: Pearson.
- 9. Bardhan. Pranab, (1998). The Political Economy of Development in India. New Dehli: oxford University Press. Barro, Robert. 1973. "The Control of Politicians: An Economic Model." Public Choice.
- 10. Dunning, Thad, and Janhavi Nilekani. 2013. "Ethnic Quotas and Political Mobilization: Caste, Parties, and Distribution in Indian Village Councils." American Political Science Review. 107(1): 35-56
- 11. Bardhan, Pranab (1994): The Political Economy of Development in India; Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- 12. C.T. Kurian (1978): Poverty Planning and Social Transformation An Alternative in Development Planning Allied Publishers, New Delhi
- 13. V. M. Dandekar: The Indian Economy 1947-97; transforming traditional Agriculture Vol. I'
- 14. Bimal Jalan : Indian Economic Crisis : The Way Ahead; Oxford University Press, New Delhi 1992
- 15. Bimal Jalan ,India's Economic Policy Preparing for the 21st Century : Penguin. New Delhi, 1996.
- 7. A. P. Thirwall' Growth and Development, 6th Edition Macmillan Press Ltd., 1999.
- 8. Vijay Joshi : IMD Little; India's Economy Reforms; Oxford University Press. New Delhi, 1991-2001.
- 16. Usha Kapila, Indian Economy Since Independence; Vol. I, II & III, Academic Foundation. New Delhi.
- 17. Usha Kapila, Recent Developments in Indian Economy, Part 3 & 4 Academic Foundation. New Delhi. 1994 & 95.
- 18. Robert. E. B. Lucas and Gustar. F.; Indian Economy Recent Development and Future Prospects. Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1989
- 19. Amartya Sen, Poverty and Famine An Essay on Entitlement and Deprivation Oxford University Press. New Delhi, 1982.

Course	to provide students with basic conceptual tools and frameworks for analyzing				
Outcome	economic development issues;				
	to give students a basic understanding of the economic development process in several regions of the world, and				
	to give students a chance to practice academic debate on complex economic issues				
	The evaluation of the course will be based on two exams, a group project, homework				
	assignments, and class participation.				
	What do we mean by saying that economic outcomes are shaped by political				
	constraints or politics?				
	Do individuals behave the same or differently in economic models and political				
	models? What are the fundamental questions in studying political economy?				

PSC C-404: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Sub. Code	Subject Name	Credit	Int. Mark	Ext. Mark
PSC C-404:	Research Methodology	4	20	80

Objectives	To familiarize students with the basic concepts and approaches to the study of research methodology. To acquaint students with the basics of research methods, techniques, and approaches and to assist in the accomplishment of exploratory as well as result oriented research studies. To help students to identify the research problem and start asking the right questions with a goal of improving their ability to make a logical argument. To assist students to learn various research techniques (qualitative and quantitative). To train students in the process of writing various academic and popular writings. To sensitize students of research ethics.
Pre-Requisites	Basic knowledge of inquiry and problem solving. Workable knowledge of statistics and computer application
Teaching Scheme	Regular classroom lectures with periodic formative coursework like term paper, problem sets, case studies, report writing, mock exams and presentations will be done with an emphasis to develop coherence among students on both the conceptual understanding and the practical knowledge settings.

Unit	Topics	Hours
Unit – I:	1. Meaning and Need for Research, Types of Research:	13
Understanding Social	Fundamental and Applied	
Science Research	2. Political Science Research: Its History and Utility	
	3. Traditional and Scientific Methods of Research	
Unit – II:	1. Meaning and Types of Research Design, Formulation of	13
Research Design	Research Problem	
	2. Literature Review: Sources and Use of Information	
	Technology	
	3. Hypothesis: Formulation, Characteristics and Types	
Unit – III:	1. Research Techniques: Qualitative and quantitative research	13
Techniques of Data	2. Methods of Data Collection	
Collection	3. Survey: (Meaning, Types, Steps and Limitations)	
	Observations, Questionnaire, and Interviewing, Sampling	
Unit- IV	Analyzing primary and secondary documents	13
Data Analysis and Report	2. Data presentation and preliminary analysis, interpretation	
Writing	of data.	
	3. Report Writing.	
	4. Presenting the Material: citation, references, notes	
Total		52

Essential Readings

- 1. Ahuja, Ram. Research Method, Rawat Publication, New Delhi, 2001
- 2. Art, Robert J. and Jervis, Robert International Politics: Enduring Concepts and Contemporary Issues, Longman, 2010
- 3. Dhiman, AK and SC. Research Methodology, EssEss Publication, New Delhi, 2002
- 4. Fowler, Flyod J. (Jr). Survey Research Methods, Sage, Beverley Hills, 1984.
- 5. Gerring, John 2004. -What is a Case Study and What is it Good for? || American Political

- Science Review 98, pp. 341-352
- 6. Kuhn, Thomas, The Structure of Scientific Revolution, Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 2012. (50th edition).
- 7. Popper, Karl, Open Society and Its Enemies, New Jersy: Pentagon University Press, 2013.
- 8. Kohari, C. R and Garg, Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, New Age International Publisher, New Delhi, 2019 (4th edition).

Course Outcome	 After end of their M.A programme the students will be: Familiar with the basic concepts of research methodology. Acquainted with the basics of research methods, techniques and approaches of research. Identify the research problem and formulate research questions and hypothesis. The process of writing various academic and popular writings. Fundamentals of research ethics.
----------------	--

PSC C-405: PROJECT WORK (Report in form of Dissertation & Viva)

Course Rationale: A Dissertation tests the ability of a student to carry out an independent research. In broad ways it demonstrates that a student is capable of identifying an area of interest, able to explore the research area and use the appropriate research tools. Since a dissertation involves a different set of ideas or different point of views, it enhances the critical, analytical and research skills of a student.

Subject Code Subject Name Credit Total Marks		Total Marks		
		PROJECT WORK (Report in form of DISSERTATION & VIVA)		100
Course	By the end of the course students will be able to			
Outcome		Identify an area of interest, able to explore the research area and use the appropriate research tools. It will enhance the critical analytical and research skills of a student.		